

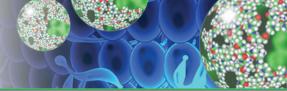
NCI's Alliance for Nanotechnology in Cancer Program: Phase III and Data Sharing Plans

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NCIP Nanotechnology Working Group February 18, 2016

of Health

NCI Alliance for Nanotechnology in Cancer (Alliance)

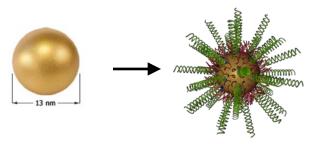


Alliance for Nanotechnology in Cancer:

- Supported by NCI's Office of Cancer Nanotechnology Research
- The Alliance works in concert with other NCI advanced technology initiatives to provide the scientific foundation and team science required to transform cancer research and benefit the patient

Nanotechnology Applications to Cancer:

- Potential to revolutionize biomedicine by manipulating materials at the nanoscale (unique physical, chemical, biological features that differ from bulk)
- Combine innovations in nanomaterials and cancer biology to develop new cancer solutions
- Early detection of disease
 - Sensors
 - Imaging
- Delivery of therapeutics
 - Local and systemic
 - Improved efficacy
 - Post-therapy monitoring
- New research tools to enhance understanding of disease



RNAi-functionalized gold nanoparticles (Mirkin, Northwestern)

Phase II Alliance Organization

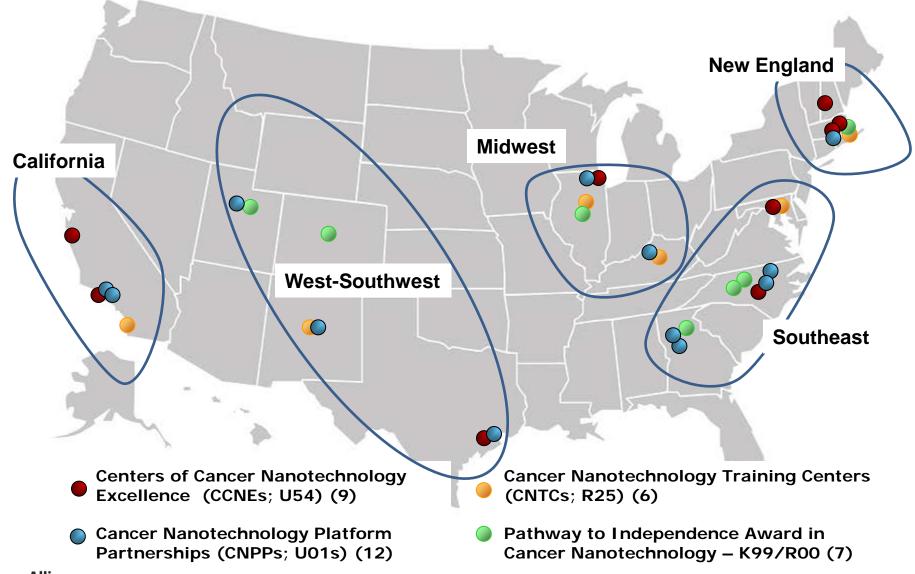
External Steering Committee **NCI Alliance Phase II Centers for Cancer Nanotechnology Multi-disciplinary Training Excellence (CCNEs)** K99/R00 Awards, R25 U54 Cooperative Agr. **Awards** Cancer **Nanotechnology Nanotechnology** Characterization **Platform Partnerships** Laboratory (NCL) **U01** Cooperative Agr. Serves as national resource to aid regulatory review of cancer nanotechnologies **Coordination and Governance Committee (CGC) Other NCI Programs** Alliance Industrial Committee (AIC) **Alliance Clinical**

Committee (ACC)

Nanotec

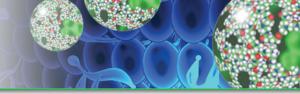
- Phase I: 2005 2010
- Phase II: 2010 2015
- Phase III: 2015-2020
- Alliance's development model—most promising strategies handed off to for-profit partners for effective translation and commercialization
- Focus on cancers characterized by low survival rates: pancreatic, ovarian, brain, lung
- Focus on improving diagnostic detection and therapeutic index; overcoming biological barriers

Phase II Alliance Distribution





Office of Cancer Nanotechnology Research: Interactions



- Alliance members also have opportunities to work together through topicspecific working groups (animal models, biotargeting) and Challenge Projects (Phase II)
- OCNR also facilitates interactions between Alliance investigators and other NCI/NIH programs, nanotechnology institutions, and organizations
- Significant role in promoting nanotechnology applications to biomedicine by interacting with these programs, other federal agencies (e.g., through NNI) and the wider research community—e.g., Nano Startup Challenge in Cancer

Translating Genomic Targets in Cancer Therapeutics Using Nanotechnology

- Connecting investigators in Alliance with investigators in other NCI programs--CTD² Network
- Exchanging resources, meeting reciprocal needs

PAR-16-044: Imageguided Drug Delivery in Cancer (R01)

- Developing funding opportunities with other Institutes—NCI and NIBIB
- Advance aspects of image-guided interventions

US-China Symposium on Nanobiology and Nanomedicine

- Collaboration between NCI, other NIH Institutes, and the NCNST of China
- Explore collaborative opportunities and facilitate discussions on medical nanotechnologies

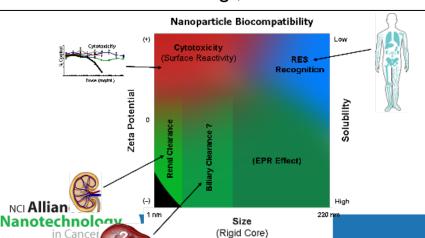


Translational Support

Nanotechnology Characterization Laboratory (NCL)

http://ncl.cancer.gov –applications due next on March 1, 2016

- Pre-clinical characterization of nanomedicines
- Three way agreement of NCI, FDA, and NIST
- Supports extramural community
- Assisted with characterization leading to six IND or IDE filings with FDA
- Launching NCL 2.0—transnational collaborations, extending to indications outside of cancer—e.g., EHS



Translation of Nanotechnology in Cancer Consortium (TONIC)

- Public–private partnership
- Corporate membership--14 industry members (e.g. Janssen, AstraZeneca, Onyx Pharma, Teva), three patient advocacy group members (e.g., American Brain Tumor Association)
- Discussion forum for opportunities in nanotechnologies and strategies to accelerate translation to clinic
 - -Workshops
 - Showcasing of technologies
 - –Joint, pre-competitive projects
 - Nanodrug Clinical Working Group—
 Developing protocols to enable study of drug delivery in patients by imaging
- Companies also either involved or partially funding (MedImmune) Nano Startup Challenge in Cancer--

http://www.nscsquared.org/

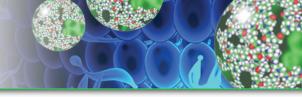
Nano Startup Challenge in Cancer



- Joint effort between NCI and the Center for Advancing Innovation (CAI; http://www.thecenterforadvancinginnovation.org)
- Purpose is to launch of startups centered around commercially viable cancer nanotech inventions
- Participants form teams and develop business plans around cancer nanotech inventions that either originate from the intramural NIH program or are brought forward by the team
- Teams are advised and evaluated by experienced researchers, industry leaders, and investors brought together by CAI
- Previous Challenges: The Breast Cancer Startup Challenge, The Neuro Startup Challenge
- Can learn more at http://www.nscsquared.org/
- First step, Phase 0, is letter of intent—upcoming deadline March 1, 2016!!



Resources for Nanomaterial Data Sharing and Standards Development



 Realize importance of data sharing and re-use to enable knowledge discovery and improve the rational design of nanomaterials –access to datasets and protocols

http://www.nano. gov/signatureiniti atives

Federal Agencies

•National Nanotechnology Initiative

NNI Signature Initiatives:

- Nanotechnology for Sensors and Sensors for Nanotechnology
- Nanotechnology Knowledge Infrastructure

http://cananolab.nci.nih.gov



Supports annotation of well characterized nanomaterials used in cancer research and treatment

Composition, physico-chemical, in vitro/in vivo characterizations, protocols, and publications—over 1,000 samples curated



- •caNanoLab
- •Nanomaterial Registry



•NCIP Nanotechnology Working Group

NANOMATERIALREGISTRY

Aggregates data from existing publicly-available databases; patent literature; manufacturer catalogs

Minimal Information About Nanomaterials (MIAN)—over 2,000 records

www.nanomaterialregistry.org

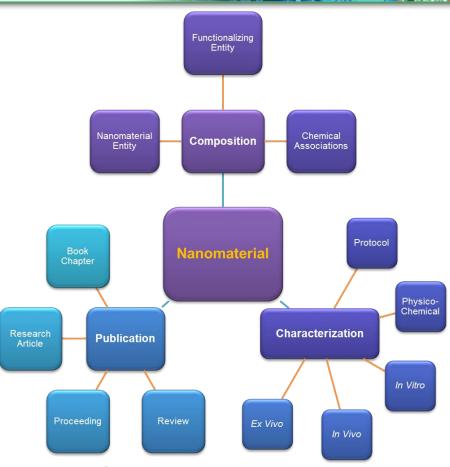


cancer Nanotechnology Laboratory (caNanoLab) Data Portal



http://cananolab.nci.nih.gov

- Facilitates data sharing to expedite and validate use of nanomaterials in biomedicine
- Provides access to characterization data, protocols, and publications
- In house curator; data submission directly by users (access to data private or public)
- Making strong efforts to curate from the broader international community



Supported by NCI Office of Cancer Nanotechnology Research and NCI Center for Biomedical Informatics and Information Technology

Gaheen et al., 2013, Comput Sci Discov; Morris et al., 2015, Beilstein J Nanotechnol



Nanomaterial Registry

- Archives research data on nanomaterials and their biological and environmental implications
 - Aggregated data from existing publiclyavailable databases, patent literature, manufacturer catalogs, individual labs
 - Tools to evaluate content—compliance levels, comparison tools, data visualization dashboard; Minimal information about a nanoparticle (MIAN)
- Integrated modeling and simulation tools for Registry data analysis (nanoHUB; https://nanohub.org/groups/nanomaterialregistry)
- Provides export function to allow easy data download from site and working on data submission page/template; boilerplate text for NSF/NIH data management plans
- caNanoLab feeds into Registry--835 records, and several in queue



https://www.nanomaterialregistry.org/







NCI Alliance Program - Achievements

Scientific Output

- More than 25 distinct nanomaterial delivery vehicles at various stages of maturity and numerous innovative technologies reported in the literature since 2011
- Close to 1500 papers and 300 patent filings and disclosures since program start
- Over 300 different nanoparticle formulations evaluated by the NCI's Nanotechnology Characterization Laboratory (NCL)

Clinical Translation

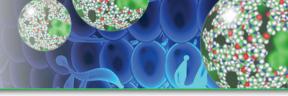
- over 75 companies in the space of diagnostics and therapy are associated with the program. Majority of them are start-ups.
- More than17 on-going clinical trials are associated with program projects
- Several companies are in IND or pre-IND discussions with U.S. FDA

Community Resources

- Support for clinical translation—NCL and TONIC consortium
- Centralized databases of nanomaterial characterization information caNanoLab and Nanomaterial Registry web portals



Program Renewal and Next Phase



NCI Alliance Phase II

NCI Alliance Phase III

Centers of Cancer
Nanotechnology Excellence
(CCNE)
U54 Cooperative Agreement

Centers of Cancer
Nanotechnology Excellence
(CCNE)
U54 Cooperative Agreement

Six CCNEs

Cancer Nanotechnology
Platform Partnerships
U01 Cooperative Agreement

Innovative Research in Cancer Nanotechnology (IRCN) Awards
U01 Cooperative Agreement

Seven IRCNs so far

Multi-disciplinary Training K99/R00 Awards, R25 Awards

T32 Cancer Nanotechnology
Training Programs

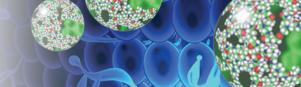
Five CNTCs so far

Nanotechnology Characterization Laboratory



Nanotechnology Characterization Laboratory

Alliance Program Phase III: CCNEs and IRCNs



- NCI intends to continue support for research in three broad areas of nanotechnology-based cancer care applications:
 - early diagnosis using in vitro assays and devices or in vivo imaging techniques
 - multifunctional nano-therapeutics, including nanoparticle-driven immunotherapies
 - devices and techniques for cancer prevention and control

NEW

- **Tumor Types:** should be rationally selected, where "tumor type" refers to either tumors of a specific tissue of origin or tumors with critical abnormalities in a particular molecular pathway(s) shared in cancers arising from a variety of tissues.
- Milestones: applicants need to provide a set of discrete benchmarks that will allow unequivocal determination of the progress made towards the goals of the project.

NEW!

- Data Sharing Plan: Sharing of nanomaterial data needs to occur through appropriate publically accessible databases: NCI's cancer Nanotechnology Laboratory (caNanoLab) data portal (https://cananolab.nci.nih.gov/caNanoLab/)
 - At least one scientifically qualified person needs to be designated as the nanomaterial data sharing coordinator after an award has been made



CCNE Characteristics

- Overall goal of CCNEs-- rapid advance of novel cancer care applications based on nanotechnology
 - Funding work up to preclinical stage; expected to seek other sources of funding that would allow for clinical trials, as early as during award period
 - must be strongly committed to and capable of further translation and commercialization; can be via partnership with for-profit entities
- Each Center expected for on a 'scientific theme' associated with a nanotechnology-based solution to an overarching problem in cancer biology and/or oncology
- Research Projects expected to be synergistic; expected to be a mix of basic research/discovery projects and translational projects
- Example translational directions—Nanotechnology-enabled multiplex diagnostic devices; Nucleic acid-based nanotherapies
- Example basic research/discovery directions—Understanding of mechanisms of nanoparticle delivery to cancer cells and tissues in vivo (e.g., nanoparticle endosomal escape); Development of new tissue and animal model systems for the screening of nanotechnology compounds

Phase III CCNEs

- Center of Cancer Nanotechnology Excellence for Translational Diagnostics—Stanford University
- Center for Multiple Myeloma Nanotherapy—Washington University
- MSKCC-Cornell Center for Translation of Cancer Nanomedicine— Memorial Sloan Kettering and Cornell University
- Nano Approaches to Modulate Host Cell Response for Cancer Therapy—University of North Carolina-Chapel Hill
- Nanosystems Biology Cancer Center (NSBCC)—California Institute of Technology and University of California, Los Angeles
- Nucleic Acid-Based Nanoconstructs for the Treatment of Cancer— Northwestern University
- For more info go to http://nano.cancer.gov/action/programs/ccne.asp



IRCN Characteristics

IRCN projects expected to address major barriers in cancer biology and/or oncology using nanotechnology and should emphasize fundamental understanding of nanomaterial and nanodevice interactions with biological systems.

- Fundamental understanding of the processes pertinent to the use of nanotechnology in cancer (e.g.):
 - nanomaterial and/or nanodevice interactions with biological systems
 - mechanisms of delivery of nanoparticles and/or nanodevices to desired and intended cancer targets in vivo
 - characterization of in vitro detection and diagnostic devices
- Clinical translation is not an objective of IRCN projects
- Example research directions--Detailed studies and understanding of delivery mechanisms; Development of improved multi-biomarker detection and/or diagnostic devices (e.g., fundamental studies of nanomaterial properties that affect sensitivity and specificity)



IRCN FOA Still Open



Open to International Applicants!

Innovative Research in Cancer Nanotechnology (IRCN) Awards
U01 Cooperative Agreement

No set-aside funds; Not percentiled

PAR-14-285; Next applications due April 14, 2016

\$450K/yr/award Two receipts/yr until 2017: October 13, 2016; April 14, 2017

- Projects should be designed to enable multi-disciplinary research and transformative discoveries in cancer biology and/or oncology through the use of nanotechnology
- Funded projects become part of NCI Alliance for Nanotechnology in Cancer network.
 The network will provide opportunities for collaborations with other Alliance members and enhanced interactions with NCI programs
- If appropriate, work should aid in clinical translation, <u>but clinical translation is not the</u> <u>ultimate goal of these awards</u>



Phase III IRCNs So Far

- Nanoscale Metal-organic Frameworks for Light Triggered and X-ray Induced Photodynamic Therapy of Head and Neck Cancers—University of Chicago
- Stroma Breaking Theranostic Nanoparticles for Targeted Pancreatic Cancer Therapy—Emory University
- Targeted Core Shell Nanogels for Triple Negative Breast Cancer—University of North Carolina-Chapel Hill
- The rodent eye as a non-invasive window for understanding cancer nanotherapeutics—University of California, Davis
- Thermoresponsive NanoVelcro CTC Purification System for Prostate Cancer Profiling—University of California, Los Angeles and Cedars-Sinai Medical Center
- Treatment of Glioblastoma Using Chain-Like Nanoparticles—Case Western Reserve University
- UCLA Multifunctional Mesoporous Silica Nanoparticle Platform for Treatment of Pancreas Cancer—University of California, Los Angeles
- For more info go to http://nano.cancer.gov/action/programs/nanotech_platforms.asp



T32 Training Program Call for CNTCs



Proposals received through Parent T32 PA, PA-14-015
Awards held by NCI's Center for Cancer Training

Next applications due May 25, 2016

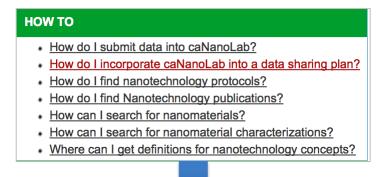
Notice of NCI interest in Cancer Nano T32s—NOT-CA-14-035

- Carolina Cancer Nanotechnology Training Program—University of North Carolina-Chapel Hill
- Cancer Nanotechnology Training Program—Northwestern University
- Cancer-Translational Nanotechnology Training Program—Stanford University
- Interdisciplinary Translational Pre/Postdoctoral Program in Cancer Nanotechnology—University of Texas at MD Anderson Cancer Center
- Predoctoral and Postdoctoral Training Program in Nanotechnology for Cancer Research—Johns Hopkins University



Sharing Data Through caNanoLab

- Data deposition requirement for CCNE and IRCN Alliance program participants, (CNTCs also encouraged to do so)—noted in funding opportunity announcements (RFA-CA-14-013, PAR-14-285)
- In the past encouraged to do so, but deposition is now a Term and Condition of Award
- caNanoLab inclusion in data sharing plan and the naming of a designated nanomaterial data sharing coordinator is required once an award has been made



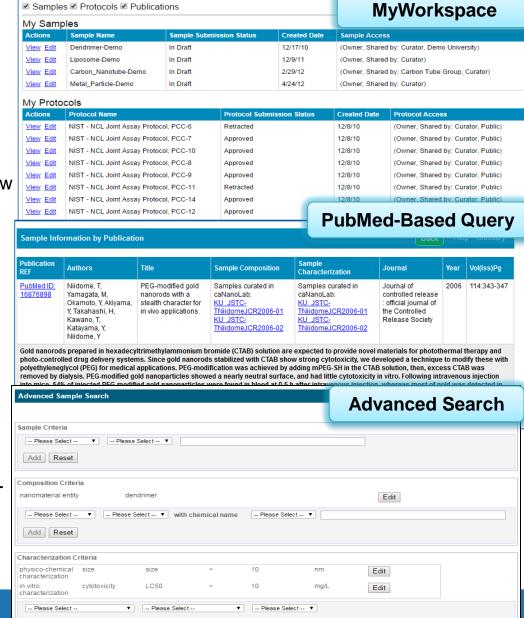




https://wiki.nci.nih.gov/display/caNanoLab/caNanoLab+FAQ

caNanoLab Enhancements to Support User Search and Submission

- caNanoLab 2.1 is latest release (Nov 2015) and expands on caNanoLab 2.0 features (Dec 2014)
 - <u>Usability enhancements</u> from feedback obtained via the caNanoLab survey
 - myWorkspace feature to allow users to view submitted samples, protocols, and publications and their submission status
 - myFavorites feature to allow user to save samples, protocols, and publications for easy access
 - Integration with a publication vendors to retrieve samples by publication
 - Support for <u>Advanced and Google-like</u>
 Search capabilities
- Future plans include support for ISA-TAB-Nano and other usability enhancements



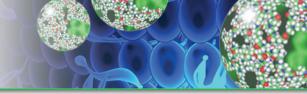


Sharing Data through caNanoLab

- Encourage submission directly by users—Alliance or otherwise; specifically submission while research in progress and not just after publications (caNanoLab feature—public or private mode)
- Held hands-on caNanoLab demo session for data coordinators during Alliance Kick-Off Meeting in November 2015—led by Sharon Gaheen
- Received helpful feedback:
 - User interface and process seem pretty straightforward
 - Interest in submitting image data—how can this be done in caNanoLab?
 - Interest in use of local instances of caNanoLab to maintain samples until ready to make public



Linking caNanoLab to The Cancer Imaging Archive (TCIA)





Collections of freely accessible DICOM images and supplementary data to foster re-use and reproducibility within the cancer imaging research community

- Supports public and NCI's Cancer Imaging Program
- Created and originally hosted by Wash U. and now at University of Arkansas for Medical Sciences—PI is Fred Prior, also caNanoLab data coordinator for Wash U. CCNE



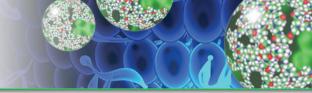
Unique Features of TCIA

- Highly curated problem-focused sets of DICOM standard clinical patient imaging data—can be extended to support preclinical images and data
- Documentation of linked research initiatives and associated metadata
- Can assign Digital Object Identifiers (DOIs) to TCIA collections for ease of retrieval
- Programmable Interface connects TCIA data directly to other applications
- First step approach for linking—link caNanoLab and TCIA via DOIs;
 can be entered into URL fields in caNanoLab

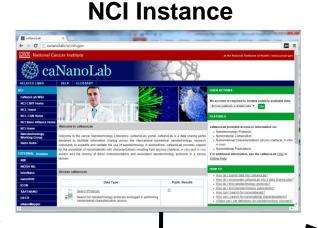




Linking caNanoLab Instances



Want to be able to query across nodes



Looking into options; web services



Wash U. Instance



Northwestern Instance



? Instance





Resources



- caNanoLab Portal
 - Production: https://cananolab.nci.nih.gov
- caNanoLab Wiki
 - https://wiki.nci.nih.gov/display/caNanoLab/caNanoLab+Wiki+Home+Page
- caNanoLab Usability Group
 - https://nciphub.org/groups/cananolab_usability/
- caNanoLab ListServ
 - CANANOLAB-USERS-L-request@LIST.NIH.GOV



Office of Cancer Nanotechnology Research





Piotr Grodzinski

NCI caNanoLab Team Sharon Gaheen – Leide

Sharon Gaheen – Leidos/FNLCR Sima Pandya – Leidos/FNLCR Michal Lijowski – Essential Software Mervi Heiskanen – NCI/CBIIT Juli Klemm – NCI/CBITT



Dorothy Farrell



Nicholas Panaro



Stephanie Morris



Christopher Hartshorn



Natalie Abrams

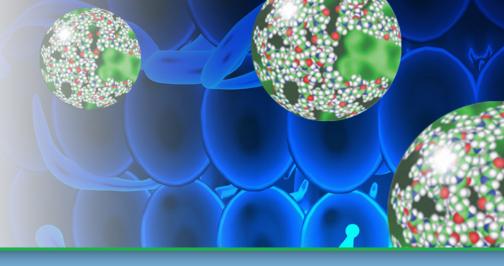


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Questions?

Thank you!

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